

KARKLIN', R. Ya., Cand of Tech Sci -- (diss) "An Improved Technological System for the Production of Citric Acid from Molasses by the Surface Method of Fermentation," Riga, 1959, 23 pp (Institute of Forest Economy Problems and Chemistry of Wood, Acad of Sci Latvian SSR) (KL 4-60, 119)

MAKSIMOV, I.V.; KARKLIN, V.P.

Polar tide in the Baltic Sea. Dokl. AN SSSR 161 no.3:580-582  
Mr '65. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Submitted November 23, 1964.

L 23818-66 EWT(1) GW

ACC NR: AP6015268

SOURCE CODE: UR/0020/66/166/004/0921/0923

AUTHOR: Karklin, V. P.; Sarukhanyan, E. I.

30  
13

ORG: none

TITLE: Study of the secular motion of the Earth's pole from 1900 to 1958

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 166, no. 4, 1966, 921-923

TOPIC TAGS: earth rotation, periodic motion, harmonic analysis, geophysics

ABSTRACT: The authors investigated the secular motion of the earth's pole during the last 50 years using data from the International Latitude Service. A new method was used for computing secular motion. Successive six-year series of the coordinates of motion of the instantaneous pole were subjected to harmonic analysis for computation of the amplitudes and phases of the free and forced components of motion of the pole. The amplitude and phase amplitudes were used in computing the periodic components of motion of the pole in these six-year periods. The computed values then were subtracted from the coordinates of the pole. The resulting differences characterize the aperiodic motion of the pole (coordinates of the secular motion of the pole). Analysis of these coordinates revealed that they are free of periodic components. It was found that in the period from 1900 to 1958 the pole in its secular motion followed a path equal to  $0.530''$ . The mean rate of polar motion was  $0.009''$  per year. In the first half of this period polar motion is characterized by insignificant motion relative to its initial position.

UDC: 521.93

Card 1/2

Card 2/2 W

L 23818-66

ACC NR: AP6015268

However, after 1925 there was some increase of the rate of secular motion, which then increased, in recent years attained values of 0.016" per year and acquired a clearly expressed direction. During this period the general motion was approximately along 65°W. These data are in good agreement with a number of other studies. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 1 table. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 08, 20 / SUBM DATE: 11Oct65 / ORIG REF: 005 / OTH REF: 007

Card 2/2

22675-55 EWT(1)/EWG(1) Po-4/Po-7/Pg-4/PG-4 GW  
ACCESSION NR: AP5010578 UR/0020/65/161/005/0580/0582  
AUTHOR: Maksimov, I. V.; Marklin, V. P.  
TITLE: Polar tides in the Baltic Sea  
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Doklady, v. 161, no. 3, 1965, 580-582  
TOPIC TAGS: Baltic Sea tide, polar tide, rotation axis shift  
22  
0  

ABSTRACT: The study of the changes in the mean ocean level caused by free oscillations of the instantaneous axis of the Earth's rotation dates from the times of Darwin, who coined the name "polar tide". Later, W. Schveydar established the static theory of polar tides. In view of certain differences of opinion among various researchers concerning the polar tide in the Baltic Sea, the authors carried out observations at 13 Baltic ports over the period 1900-1930. Data were analyzed on the BESM-2 computer and the periodograms of the level variations at all ports agreed fully with the periodogram of the radius vector component of the instantaneous Earth's rotation pole on the 0-180° longitude axis. The sea level periodograms showed two quasi-periodic components, with periods of 1 year and 14 months. The phase shift of the level maximum lags the passage of the pole radius.

Card 1/2

A-52675-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5010578

vector through the same average longitude by 95°. The ratio of the mean observed polar tide wave to its static magnitude is 7.73. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 18Nov64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: X3

NO RRF Sov: 009

OTHER: 007

B&amp;W

Card 2/2

SPOLITIS, Anton Karlovich; ROMANOVSKAYA, Ol'ga Ivanovna; KARKLIN, Yan  
Yanovich [Karklinš, Janis]; KRYLOVA, N., red.; BOKMAN, R., tekhn.  
red.

[Local fruit varieties in the Latvian S.S.R.] Sorta narodnoi selektsii  
plodovykh kul'tur Latviiskoi SSR. Riga, Izd-vo Akad. nauk Latviiskoi  
SSR, 1957. 96 p. (Latvia--Fruit--Varieties) (MIRA 14:11)

KARKLIN, Ya.Ya., assistant

Conventional topographical signs. Trudy MIIGAIK no.45:43-46  
'61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Moskovskiy institut inzhenerov geodezii, aerofotos"yemki  
i kartografii, kafedra geodezii.  
(Topographical drawing--Conventional signs)

S/035/62/000/004/042/056  
A001/A1C1

AUTHOR: Karklin, Ya. Ya.

TITLE: On topographic conventional symbols

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Astronomiya i Geodeziya, no. 4, 1962, 18, abstract 4G128 ("Tr. Mosk. in-ta inzh. geod., aerofotos"yemki i kartogr.", 1961, no. 45. 43-46)

TEXT: The author considers conventional symbols of maps and plans on scales 1 : 5,000; 1 : 10,000 and 1 : 25,000. Conventional symbols, according to the author's opinion, should meet the following main requirements for topographic plans and maps: accuracy, completeness of representing a locality, simplicity and convenience in usage. In connection with these requirements, drawbacks of conventional symbols are listed. For instance, in explanations to legends of symbols and in instructions for surveys, shifts of images of individual objects are permitted, and even exclusion of less important ones. This creates for the user some inconvenience, since it is unknown, images of which objects are shifted and how much, and what objects are not shown at all. Drawing auxiliary horizontals at arbitrary section does not enable one to

Card 1/2

On topographic conventional symbols

S/035/62/000/004/042/056  
A001/A101

determine marks of the points with the accuracy required by instruction. There exist cases when the same conventional symbols represent different objects of a locality. The author recommends that users of the maps should be consulted during elaborating the content of maps and representing on them localities by conventional symbols; numbers of shifts in picturing individual objects should be strongly limited, and their magnitudes should be specified in legends; common features of different objects should be represented by a unified pattern; the same objects on plans and maps of different scales should be represented by the same symbols; conventional symbols should be standardized.

V. Agafonov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

KARKLINA, A. M.

VENTER, K.K.; GILLER, S.A., akademik; KUCHEROV, V.F.; TSIRULE, V.V.  
[Cirule, V.]; KARKLINYA, A.M. [Karklina, A.]

Syntheses in the domain of 5-nitrofuryl-2-polyalkenals and  
5-nitrofuryl-2-polyalkenones. Reaction of carbethoxymethylene-  
triphenylphosphorane and acetylmethylene-triphenylphosphorane  
with  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated and polyene aldehydes of the 5-nitrofuran  
series. Dokl. AN SSSR 140 no. 5:1073-1075 0 '61.

1. Institut organicheskogo sinteza AN Latviyskoy SSR  
2. AN Latviyskoy SSR (for Giller).

(Phosphorane)  
(Furan)  
(Aldehydes)

SMOLIKOV, Mikhail Pavlovich [Smolikau, M.P.]; KARKLINA, E., red.

[It pays to raise sheep] Razvodzits' avehak - vyhadna.  
Minsk, Dzialzh. vyd-va sel'skahaspadarchai lit-ry BSSR,  
1963. 33 p.  
(MIRA 17:11)

1. Predsedatel' kolkhoza "Chyrvony stsyag" Dobrushskogo  
rayona Gomel'skoy oblasti (for Smolikov).

KONOPEL'KO, Petr Yakovlevich, kand. veter. nauk; KARKLINA, E., red.;  
ZEN'KO, M., tekhn. red.

[Preventing noninfectious diseases in young pigs] Preduprezh-  
denie nezaraznykh boleznei porosiat. Minsk, Gos. izd-vo sel'-  
khoz. lit-ry BSSR, 1962. 46 p. (MIRA 15:11)  
(Swine--Diseases and pests)

LUTSEVICH, P.A.; MONGALEV, G.F.; MIKHALEVICH, N.G.; ZINOVICH, K.F.;  
SAFRONENKO, A.P.; KLIMENKOV, P.A.; GAYDUKEVICH, N.M.; SILIN,  
M.S.; BRAZOVSKIY, P.V.; KOVPAK, M.D.; MELESHEVICH, O.A.;  
KAMENTSEVA, V.N.; KULIKOVSKIY, A.V.; TARAYKOVICH, P.I.;  
ALEYNIKOV, G.A.; SHMULEVICH, Sh.S.; GRACHEVA, K.I.; NIKOLAYEVA,  
Yu.N.; VOLOKHOV, M.A.; DOMASHEVICH, O., red.; KARKLINA, E.,  
red.; ZUYKOVA, V., tekhn. red.

[Manual for livestock raisers] Spravochnik zhivotnovoda.  
2., dop. i perer. izd. Minsk, Gos.izd-vo sel'khoz.lit-ry  
BSSR, 1963. 462 p.  
(MIRA 16:8)

1. Glavnyy zootehnik Upravleniya nauki Ministerstva sel'skogo  
khozyaystva Belorusskoy SSR (for Safronenko).  
(Stock and stockbreeding)

YUSKOVETS, M.K., akademik, otv. red.; BOBKOVA, A.F., kand. vet. nauk, red.; GOREGLYAD, Kh.S., akademik, red.; DEMIDOV, V.A., red.; TUZOVA, R.V., red.; KARKLINA, E., red.

[Controlling losses in animal husbandry; transactions]  
Bor'ba s poteriami v zhivotnovodstve; trudy NIVI. Minsk,  
Gos. izd-vo sel'khoz. lit-ry BSSR, 1963. 212 p.

(MIRA 17:6)

1. Minsk. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy veterinarnyy institut.
2. Akademiya nauk Belorusskoy SSR (for Yuskovets, Goreglyad).

ZHIGLINSKIY, A.G.; ZAYDEL', A.N.; KARKLINA, E.A.

Study of a direct current arc at elevated pressure. Opt. i  
spektr. 10 no.6:697-701 Je '61. (MIRA 14:8)  
(Electric arc)

S/048/62/026/007/002/030  
B104/B138

AUTHORS: Zaydel', A. N., Zhiglinskiy, A. G., and Karklina, E. A.

TITLE: Study of the direct-current arc at elevated pressure

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fizicheskaya,  
v. 26, no. 7, 1962, 855-857

TEXT: A previous paper (A. N. Zaydel' et al., Optika i spektroskopiya, 2, 28 (1957)) contains the description of an experimental system designed to study Li and Cu spectra in dependence on the pressure of the atmospheric surrounding the arc. At a surrounding CO<sub>2</sub> pressure of 7 atm. the Li I 6707, Li I 6103, Cu I 3274, and Cu I 3247 lines have much greater intensity than at 1 atm. The relative intensity of the Li lines was 11 times higher than that of the background. The plasma temperature is assumed to increase with pressure. The ratio between the emitting atom-molecule collision cross sections does not depend on pressure, and the optical density of the layer absorbing the two Li lines remains unaltered. Thus, the light source described in the previous paper provides a means for improving the accuracy of spectral analyses.  
Card 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000720720014-8

Study of the direct-current arc at ...  
There are 2 figures.

S/048/62/026/007/002/030  
B104/B138

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000720720014-8"

ZAYDEL', A.N.; ZHIGLINSKIY, A.G.; KARKLINA, E.A.

Study of a d.c. current arc at elevated pressure. Izv. AN  
SSSR. Ser. fiz. 26 no.7:855-857 J1 '62. (MIRA 15:8)  
(Electric arc--Spectra)

SAMOYLOVICH, Konstantin Danilovich; KARKLINA, E.I., red.; YERMILOV, V.M.,  
tekhn. red.

[Swine breeding section of the "l-e maia" Collective Farm] Ple-  
menniaia svinovodcheskaia ferma kolkhoza "l-Maia." Minsk, Izd-vo  
Akad.sel'khoz.nauk BSSR, 1960. 33 p. (MIRA 14:12)  
(Slutsk District—Swine breeding)

ACC NR: AP6023912

SOURCE CODE: UR/0363/66/002/007/1190/1193

AUTHOR: Karklina, M. I.; Koval'chik, T. L.

50  
13

ORG: Institute of Semiconductors, Academy of Sciences, SSSR (Institut poluprovodnikov Akademii nauk SSSR)

TITLE: Zone crystallization of lead telluride from solution in tellurium

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izv. Neorg materialy, v. 2, no. 7, 1966, 1190-1193

TOPIC TAGS: telluride, lead compound, crystal growth, tellurium

ABSTRACT: An attempt was made to find the quantitative dependence of the crystal growth rate on the temperature, temperature gradient, and thickness of the liquid layer for zone crystallization from a solution of the system  $PbTe_5$ -Te<sub>1</sub>-PbTe<sub>5</sub>. To this end, a thin layer of tellurium was placed between two single crystals or polycrystals of lead telluride. Under the influence of the temperature gradient applied to such a "sandwich," the liquid zone with the tellurium moved in the direction of the higher temperature. In order to measure the rate of zone crystallization of lead telluride, the displacement of the tellurium zone during the process was determined. The linear rate of growth of PbTe is expressed by the equation  $v = 1.1 \times 10^{-3} GD$  cm/sec, where  $G$  is the temperature gradient and  $D$  the diffusion coefficient. The values of  $D$  for PbTe in Te solution were calculated, and the activation energy in the 550-770°C range was determined. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: 18Oct65 / ORIG REF: 001 / OTH REF: 007  
Card 1/1 b1g UDC: 546.815'24:548.522

TUMASHEVITS, V.F.[Tumasevic, V.]; SVIKIS, V.; KOLOTUKHINA, P.I.;  
DANEMANE, V.; ZIEMELE, I.; IL'INA, S.G.; KARKLINA, S.;  
SAKSONE, V.; LEVI, S., red.

[The lumbering and woodworking industry of the Baltic  
Economic Region; its condition and prospects for development]  
Lesopil'no-derevoobrabatyvaiushchaya promyshlennost'  
Pribaltiiskogo ekonomiceskogo raiona; sostoianie  
i perspektivy razvitiia. Riga, Izd-vo AN Latviiskoi SSR,  
1964. 95 p.  
(MIRA 18:6)

1. Latvijas Padomju Socialistiskas Republikas Zinatnu  
Akademija. Ekonomikas instituts.

ANFILOV, A.A., inzh.; BAKALEYNIK, Ya.M., inzh.; BIRGER, G.I.,  
inzh.; BRUK, B.S., inzh.; BUROV, A.I., inzh.; GINZBURG, V.L.,  
inzh.; ZABELIN, V.L., inzh.; ZAPLECHNYY, Ye.G., inzh.; ISAYEV,  
D.V., inzh.; KLIMOVITSKIY, A.M., inzh.; KRYUCHIKOV, V.V., inzh.;  
KOTOV, V.A., inzh.; LEYDERMAN, A.Ye., inzh.; PODGOYETSKIY,  
M.L., inzh.; SAZHAYEV, V.G., inzh.; SEVAST'YANOV, V.V., inzh.;  
FILIPPOV, S.F., inzh.; FROMBERG, A.B., inzh.; SHNEYEROV, M.S.,  
inzh.; ERLIKH, G.M., inzh.; VERKHOVSKIY, B.I., red.; ZUBKOV,  
G.A., red.; KAIKLINA, T.O., red.; OVCHARENKO, Ye.Ya., red.;  
ANTONOV, B.I., ved. red.

[New means of automatic and centralized control for nonferrous metal mines] Novye sredstva avtomatizatsii i dispatcher-skogo upravleniya dlja rudnikov tsvetnoi metallurgii. Moskva, Nedra, 1965. 93 p.  
(MIRA 18:4)

NIKOLAYEVA, M.; KARKLINA, V.

Respiration characteristics of dormant and stratified seeds of  
the European spindle tree. Trudy Bot. inst. Ser. 4 no. 10:267-295  
'55.

(MLRA 9:5)

(Spindle tree) (Plants--Respiration)

KÄRKLIŅŠ J.

Factors influencing the frost resistance of fruit trees.  
J. Kärkliņš. *Laižuļas PSR Zinātņu Akad. Viestis* 1953,  
Nr. 4 (Whole No. 6), 31-62 (Russian summary, 03-4).—  
High frost resistance was found in those trees and tree parts  
which had low H<sub>2</sub>O content and high content of water-sol.  
solids. Normal as well as frost-damaged (1) wood tissues  
were extd. with distd. H<sub>2</sub>O. The exts. from 1 had higher  
elec. cond.

Andrew Dravackis

KARKLINS, J.; LIEPA, E.; INFANTJEVS, B.

Latvijas Valsts universitātes Zinātniskie raksti (Transactions of  
the Latvian State University); a review of Vols. 11-16. Vestis  
latv ak no.9:191-196 '59.  
(Latvian periodicals)  
(Academy of Sciences of the Latvian S.S.R.)  
(EEAI 9:10)

KARKLINS, J.

In search of a new path; a review of Latvijas PSR Zinatnu akademija.  
Valodas un literatūras instituta raksti (Papers Issued by the Institute  
of Language and Literature, Latvian Academy of Sciences), No.10, Riga,  
1959. Vestis Latv ak no.3:129-138 '61.

(EEAI 10:9)

(Academy of Sciences of the Latvian S.S.R.)  
(Latvian language)

CEKULINA, A.; LASIS, A.; SKARDS, V.; TILAKS, S.; INTAITIS, E.;  
KELPIS, E.; SALMANIS, A.; REINIKOVS, I.; KARKLINS, J.;  
ABOLINS, J.; KULA, P.; TIMSANS, S.; JESPENINS, J.;  
ERUSIS, R.; KLAVINS, E., red.

[Overall mechanization of dairy farms] Pienu lopu farmu  
kompleksa mehanizacija. Riga, Latvijas Valsts izdev-  
nieciba, 1964. 309 p. [In Latvian] (MIRA 18:7)

KARKLINS, J.

In search of new paths. "Vestis Latv ak no. 3:129-138 '61.

KARKLINS, Janis; PICA, A., red.; KRASOVSKA, M., tekhn. red.

[Training fruit trees and berry-bearing shrubs] Augļu koku  
un ogu krumu veidosana. Riga, Latvijas Valsts izdevniecība,  
1962. 282 p. (Pruning) (MIRA 16:5)

KARKLINS, P.; LEJNIEKS, I.; GROSKAUFMANIS, I., red.

[Structural elements] Buvkonstrukcijas. Riga, Latvijas  
Valsts izd-ba. [In Latvian] (MIRA 17:6)

Sov/1700

## PLATE I BOOK EXPLANATION

24(7)

Urov. Universitet

**MATERIALY I VESOGRAMMO SPECTROKINII PO SPETSKOSKOPII.** (Materials of the 10th All-Union Conference on Spectroscopy, 1956. Vol. 2: Atomic Spectroscopy) Com. by U.S.S.R. Ministry of Education and Science, Moscow, 1958. 568 p. (Series: It's. Fizicheskaya astronom., vyp. N(5)) 10,000 copies printed.

Additional Sponsoring Agency: Akademicheskii nauch. soiuz po spetkskopskii.

Editorial Board: G.S. Landberg, Academician, (President; Ed.);

B.B. Repin, Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Sciences;

I.I. Fabrikant, Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Sciences;

V.A. Fabrikant, Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Sciences;

V.G. Korotcov, Candidate of Technical Sciences; S.M. Kharlamov,

Candidate of Physical and Technical Sciences; L.K. Klibanovskaya,

Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences; V.J. Miliyanchuk

(Deceased), Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Sciences;

D. Dubnerman, Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Sciences;

M.I. S.L. Ozerov, Tech. Ed.; T.V. Saryanyuk.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for scientists and researchers in the field of spectroscopy, as well as for technical personnel using spectrum analysis in various industries.

COVERAGE: This volume contains 177 scientific and technical studies of atomic spectroscopy presented at the 10th All-Union Conference on Spectroscopy in 1956. These studies were carried out by members of scientific and technical institutes and include extensive bibliographies of Soviet and other sources. The studies cover many phases of spectroscopy: spectra of rare earths, electromagnetic radiation, physicochemical methods for controlling uranium production, physics and technology of gas discharge, optics and spectroscopy, abnormal dispersion in metal vapors, spectroscopy and thermography, quantitative analysis of ores and minerals, photographic methods for quantitative spectrometry of metals and alloys, spectral determination of the hydrogen content of metals by means of isotopes, tables and atlases of spectral lines, spark spectrographic analysis, statistical study of variation in the parameters of calibration curves, determination of oxides of metals, spectrum analysis in metallurgy, thermochromistry in metallurgy, and principles and practice of spectrochemical analysis.

Card 2/31

Materials of the 10th All-Union Conference (cont.) Aydarov, Z.K. Spectrum Analysis of Lithium in Brines Parlyuchenko, M.M. V.M. Akulovich, and I.O. Pilionov. Spectral Determination of Microelements in Mineral Salts Pevsov, O.A. Use of Emission Spectrum Analysis in the Chemical Reagent Industry Kartlin'chnik, R.Ya., A.K. Peeske, and E.A. Silinish. Use of Spectrum Analysis in Citric Acid Production Palatnik, I.I. Determination of Calcium Oxide in Fluxed Slinter by Means of a Styloscope Pisarev, V.D., and T.I. Ivanova. Quenching of Cyanogen Bands in Spectrum Analysis of Solutions Mal'mov, V.V., and K.I. Ionova. Statistical Study of Variations in the Parameters of Calibration Curves	Sov/1700 512 516 519 521 522 524 528
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Card 29/31

ARESHKINA, L.Ya.; BEKER, M.Ye.; BUKIN, V.N.; KARKLIN'SH, R.Ya. [Karklins, R.];  
KLYUYEVA, N.M.; KUTSEVA, L.S.; LIYEPIN'SH, G.K. [Liepins, G.]

Microbiological synthesis of L-lysine. Prikl. biokhim. i  
mikrobiol. 1 no.4:396-403 Jl-Ag '65.

(MIRA 18:11)

1. Institut biokhimii imeni A.N.Bakha AN SSSR, Institut  
mikrobiologii imeni A.Kirkhensteyna AN Latviyskoy SSR i  
Rizhskiy zavod biokhimicheskikh preparatov.

ARESHKINA, L.Ya.; RAMINYA, L.O. [Ramina, L.]; ARE, R.Yu.; KARKLIN'SH, R.Ya.  
[Karklins, R.]

Isolation and purification of L-lysine from culture fluid  
by the ion exchange method. Prikl. biokhim. i mikrobiol.  
1 no.4:404-405 Jl-Ag '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Institut biokhimii imeni A.N.Bakha AN SSSR, Institut  
mikrobiologii imeni A.Kirkhenshteyna AN Latviyskoy SSR i  
Rizhskiy zavod biokhimicheskikh preparatov.

L 8525-66

ACC NR: AT5027527

SOURCE CODE: UR/2690/65/008/000/0185/0194

AUTHOR: Karklin'sh, V.G.; Kilyup, A.P.

ORG: Institute of Electronics and Computer Technology AN LatSSR, Riga (Institut elektroniki i vychislitel'noy tekhniki AN LatSSR)

TITLE: The influence of tunnel diode parameters on twin circuit operation

SOURCE: AN LatSSR. Institut elektroniki i vychislitel'noy tekhniki. Trudy, v. 8, 1965.  
Avtomatika i vychislitel'naya tekhnika, 185-194

TOPIC TAGS: tunnel diode, semiconductor device, circuit theory

ABSTRACT: The paper studies the twin circuit (Goto pair) operation of matched pairs of tunnel diodes. Following a general theoretical introduction, the authors discuss the results of calculation of switching processes in twin circuits carried out on a digital computer. The calculations cover the effect of tunnel diode parameters on the switching process. The results are illustrated by oscillograms showing the operation of the twin circuits. A comprehensive discussion of the results concludes the paper. Orig. art. has: 13 formulas and 7 figures.

SUB CODE: EC / SUBM DATE: none / OTH REF: 003

Card 1/1 DW

UDC: 681.142.32.001.2

VINOGRADOV, V.V.; GRISHKEVICH, E.V.; DANILOV, N.V.; ROVENTZI'D, E.B.;  
KARKLINSKIY, D.L. (Moskva)

Surgical contrast X-ray television study of the bile ducts.  
Eksper. khir. i anest. 9 no.4:6-9 Jl-Ag 164.

(MIRA 19:3)

KARKLIN'SH, R. Ya. [Karklins, R.]; KERSTERE, B. Ya.

Harmful microorganisms encountered in the process of production  
of citric acid from molasses. Trudy VKNII no.14:151-155 '59.  
(Citric acid) (Fermentation--Bacteriology) (MIRA 14:5)

BEKER, M.Ye., kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; VIESTURS, U.R. [Viesturs, U.]  
red.; DAMBERGA, B.A., kand. biol. nauk, red.; KUKAYN, R.A.,  
[Kukains, R.], doktor med. nauk, red.; KARKLIN'SH, R.Ya.  
[Karklins, R.], kand. tekhn. nauk, red.; STURIS, T.E., red.;  
YAKOBSON, Yu.O. [Jakobsons, J.], kand. biol. nauk, red.

[Microbiological processes and production] Mikrobiologiche-  
skie protsessy i proizvodstvo. Riga, Izd-vo AN Latv.SSR,  
1964. 153 p.  
(MIA 17:8)

1. Latvijas Padomju Socialistiskas Republikas Zinatnu Akademija.  
Mikrobiologijas instituts.

9430

S/690/62/003/000/006/009  
D201/D308

AUTHOR: Karklin'sh, V.G.

TITLE: A tracer of characteristics for tunnel diodes

SOURCE: Akademiya nauk Latviyskoy SSR. Institut elektroniki i vychislitel'noy tekhniki. Trudy, v. 3, 1962. Avtomatika i vychislitel'naya tekhnika, no. 3, 105-109

TEXT: The author discusses the conditions of stability of a circuit incorporating a negative differential impedance and describes the design of a modified tracer of characteristics. The latter is basically a bridge circuit as described in the literature by N.E. Hines, A.M. Goodman and H.G. Dill, in which the low inductance required of the tunnel-diode shunting resistor has been achieved by using a graphite rod as a resistor, with two brass blocks as resistor and diode holders. The simplified bridge circuit makes it possible to obtain the characteristics of tunnel diodes with minimum negative resistance of the order of 9 to 10 ohms. There are 4 figures. VB

Card 1/1

KARLINSKIY, M.I.

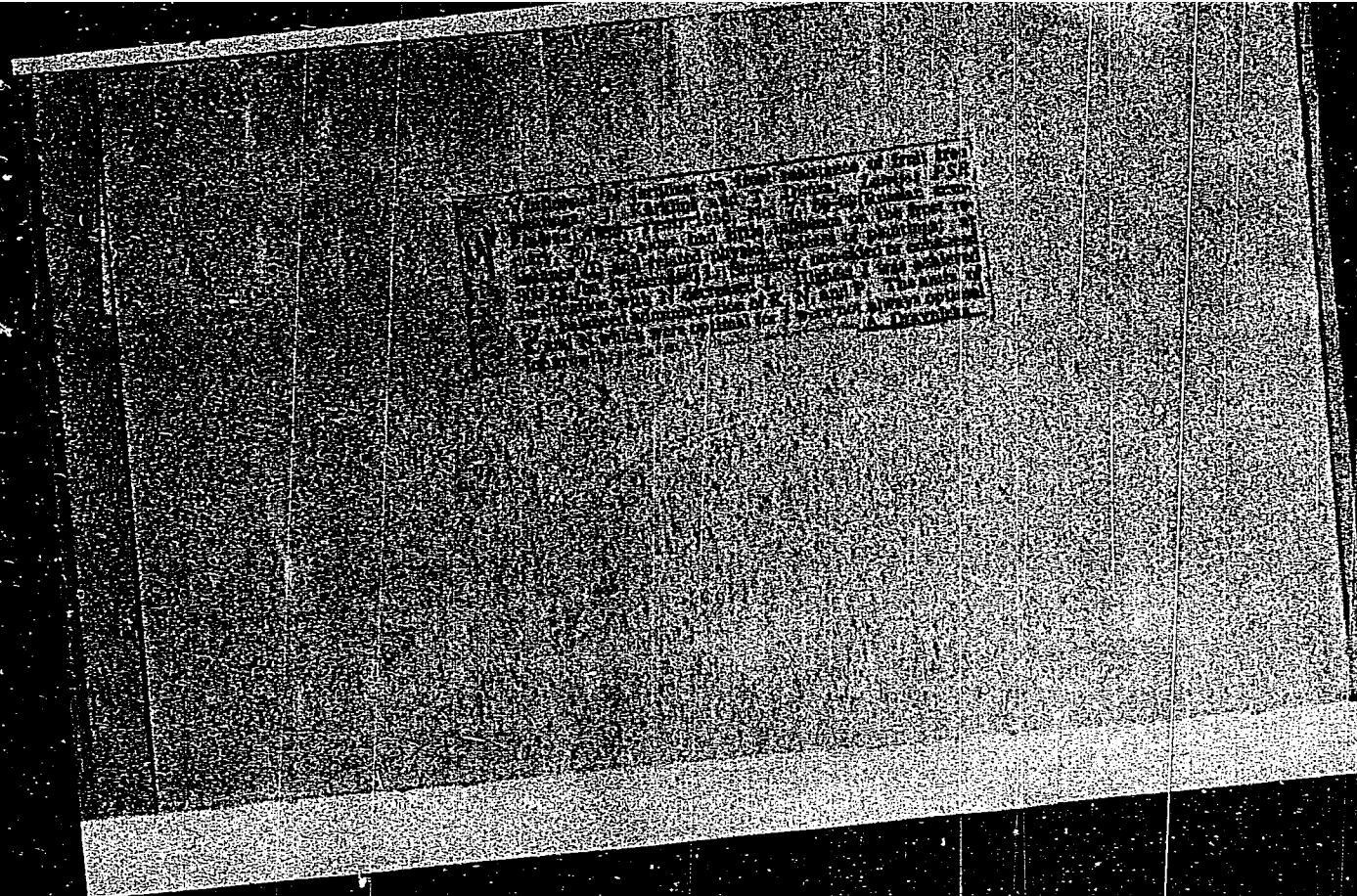
Problems in improving the quality of engineering and geological investigations. Transp. stroi. 13 no.7:50-52 Jl '63.(MIRA 16:9)

1. Glavnyy spetsialist Moskovskogo gosudarstvennogo proyektno-izyskatele'skogo i nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta transporta Ministerstva transportnogo stroitel'stva SSSR.  
(Geological surveys)

KARLINSKIY, V. M., Cand Med Sci -- (diss) "Material on the problem of the nervous regulation of hematosis. (Hematosis in epilepsy and its change upon the use of pneumoencephalography)." Karaganda, 1958. 19 pp; (Karaganda State Medical Inst); 200 copies; price not given; (KL, 19-60, 138)

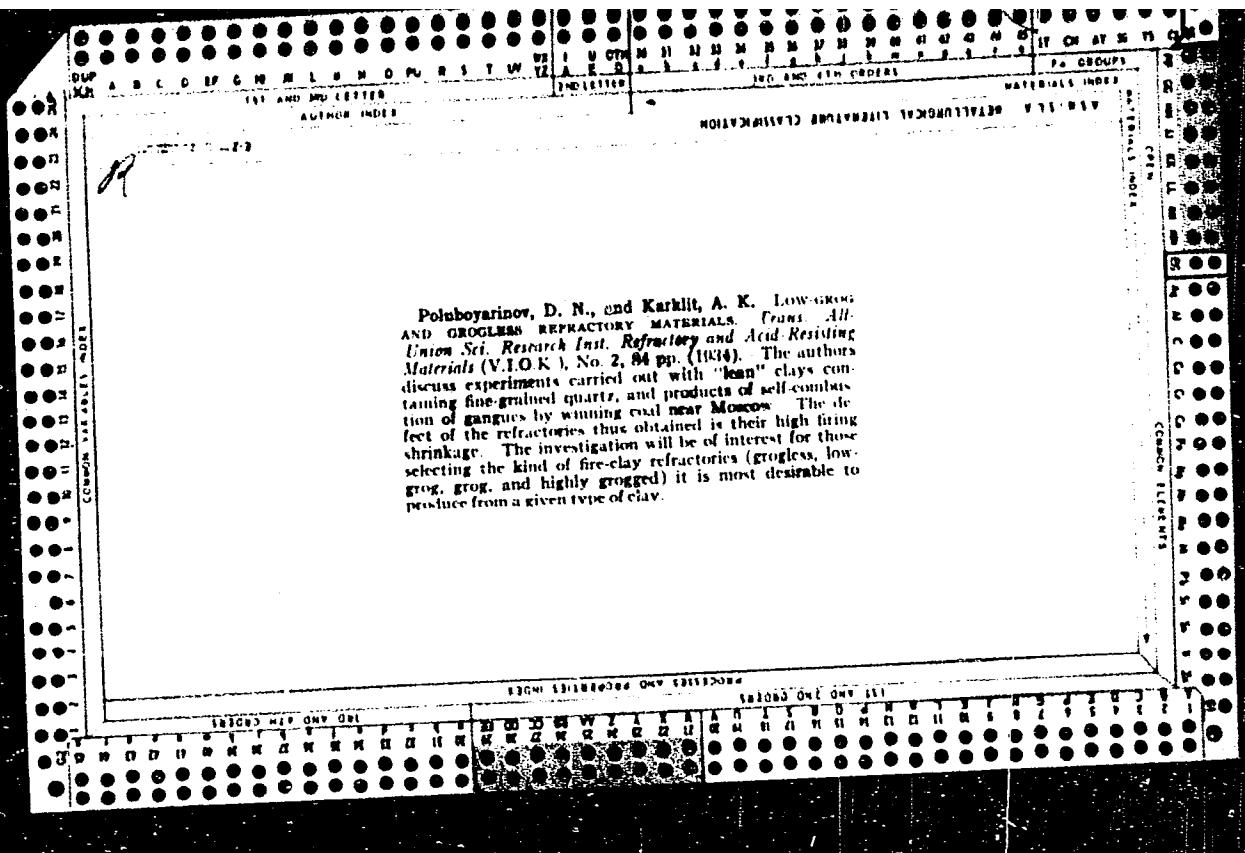
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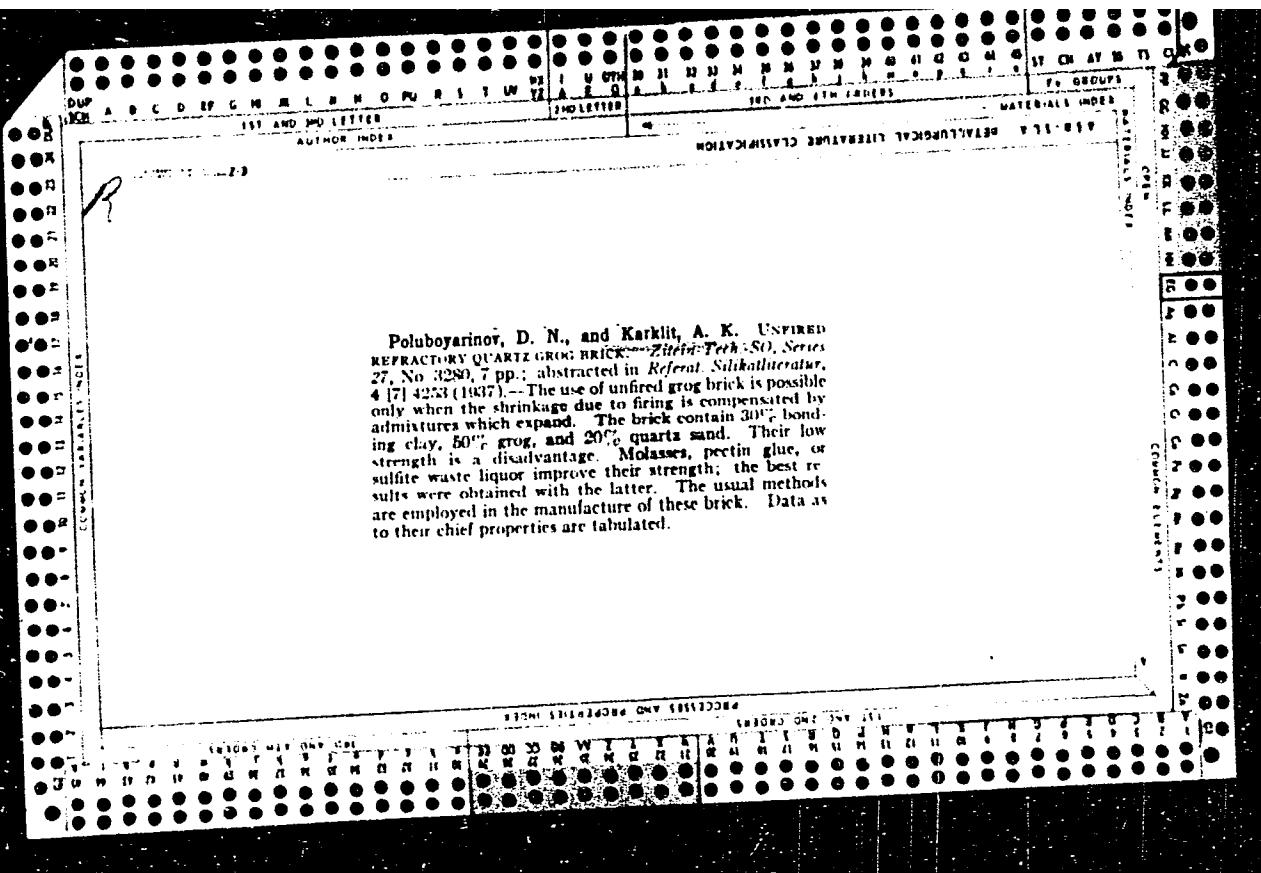
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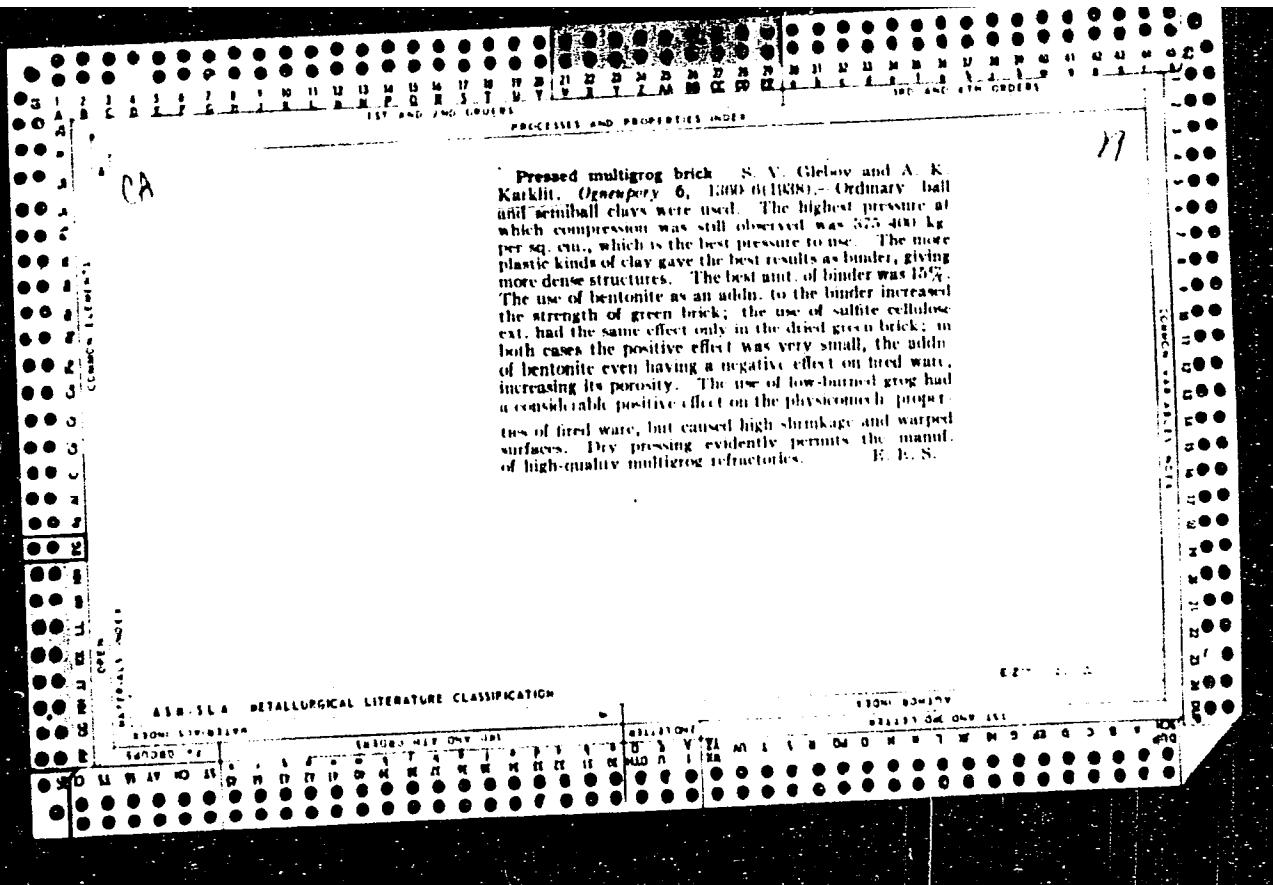
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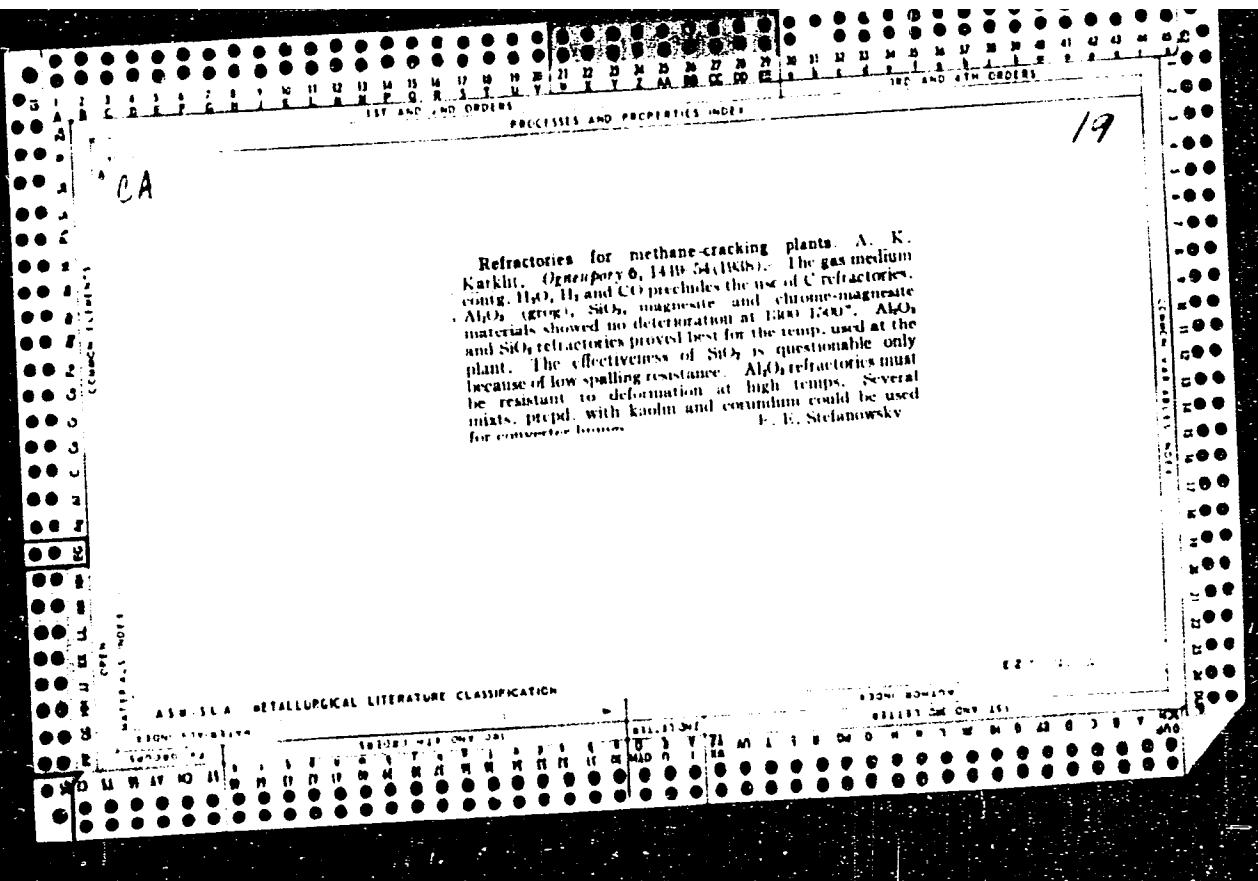


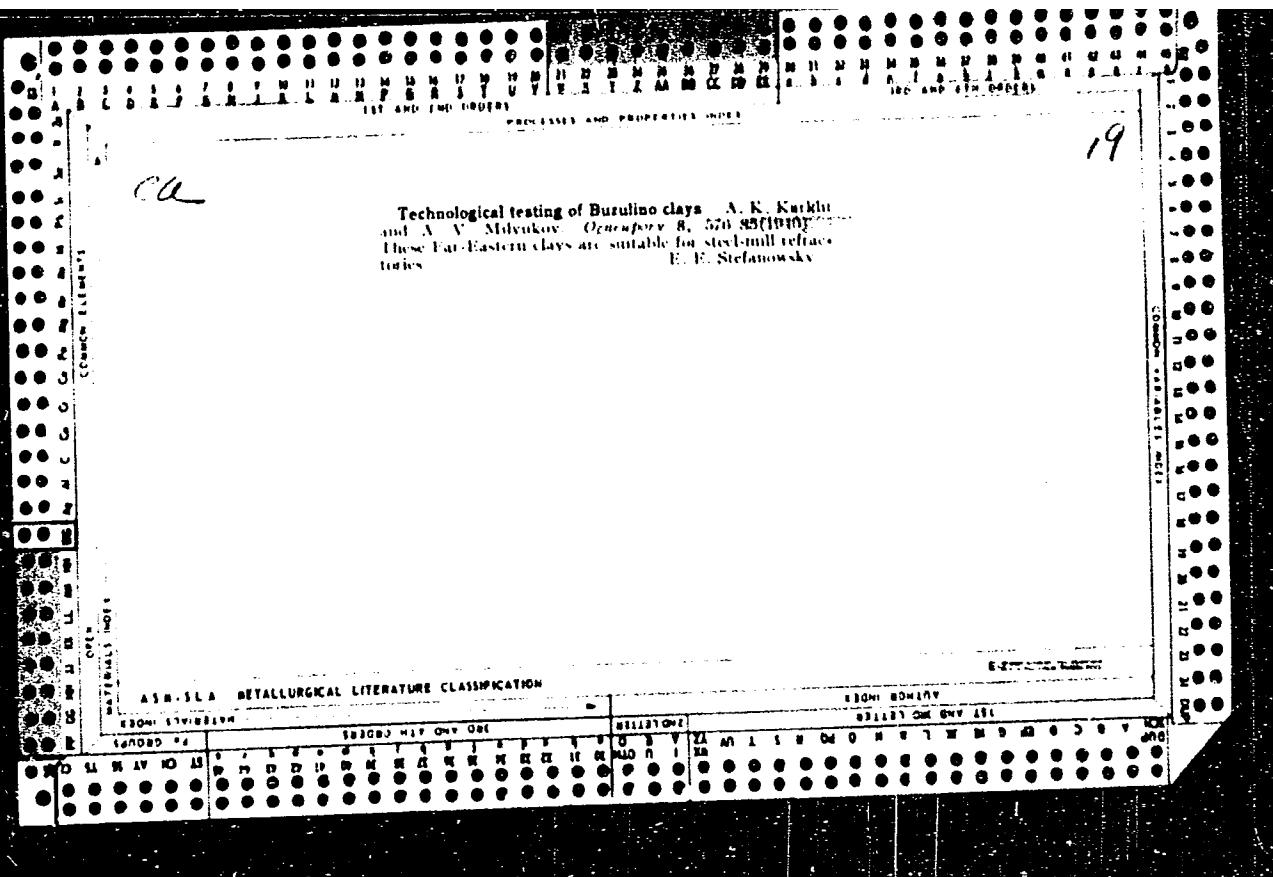
KARKLIT, A.

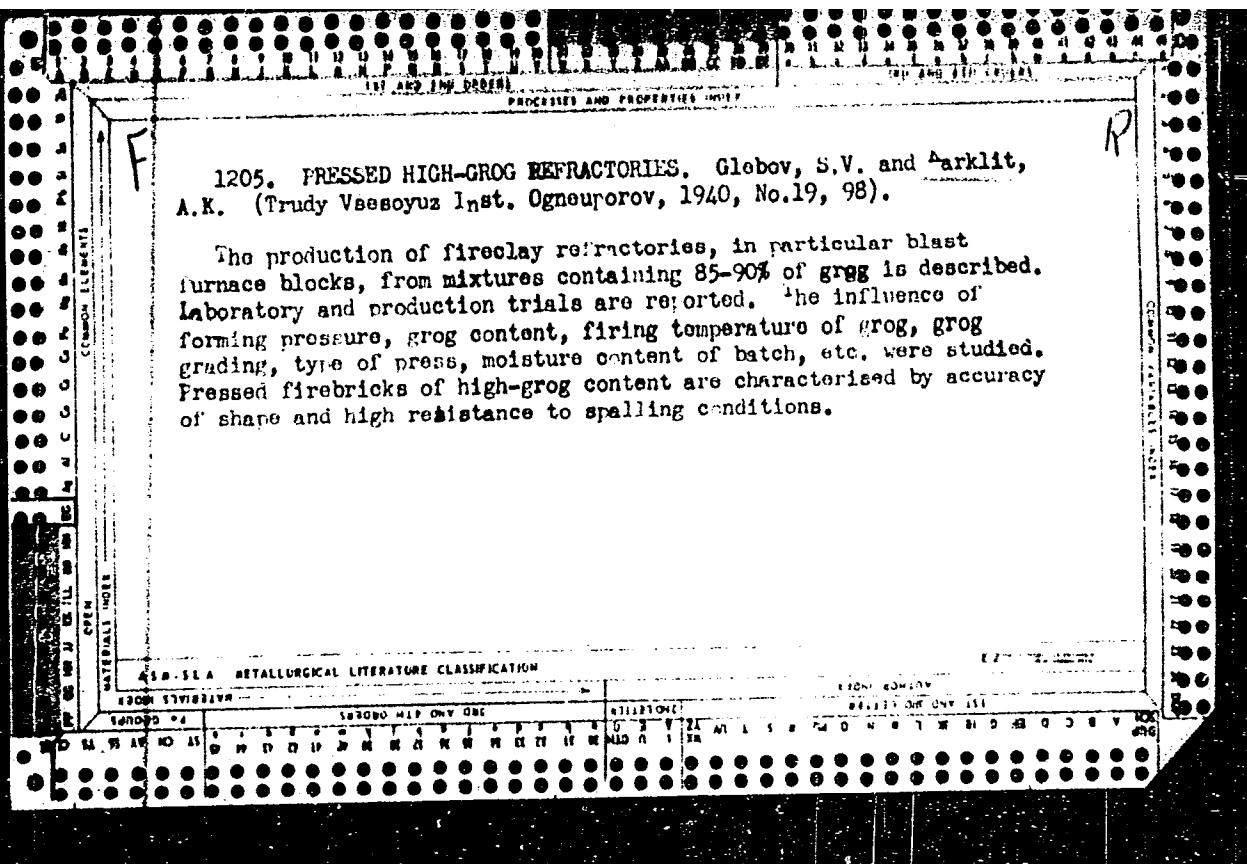
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B C D F G H K L N H O P R S T U V Y Z A E O I J Q T F V T E R P S Y	1ST AND 3RD LETTER	2ND LETTER	3RD AND 4TH ORDERS
AUTHOR INDEX			F GROUPS
ASA-S-1A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION			MATERIALS INDEX
Karkit, A. UNFIRED REFRACTORY PRODUCTS. <i>Technika</i> (Budapest), No. 53 (1934).—Details of manufacturing unfired refractories from a mixture of refractory clay, grog, and quartz sand (proportion: 30:55:15) and a solution of sulfite cellulose waste liquor are given.			SAFETY INDEX

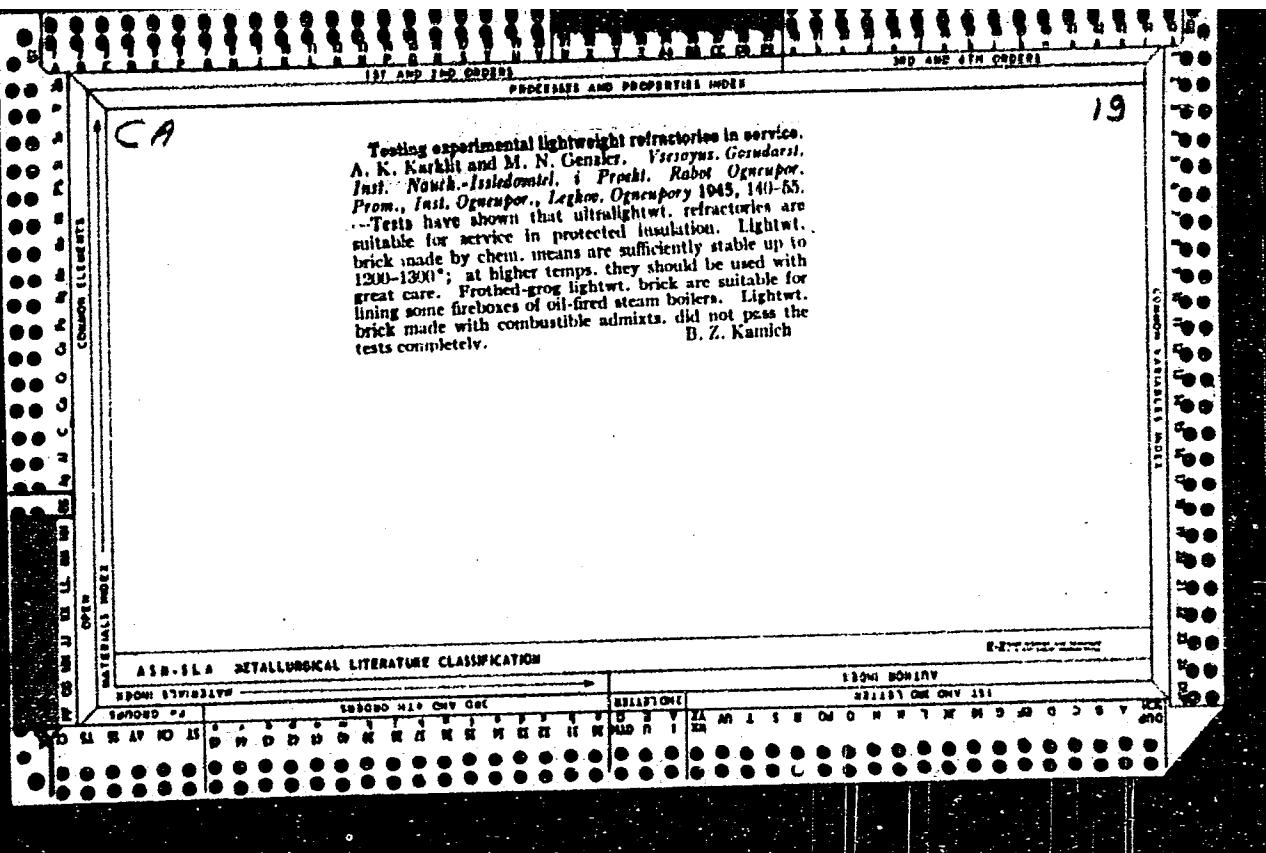


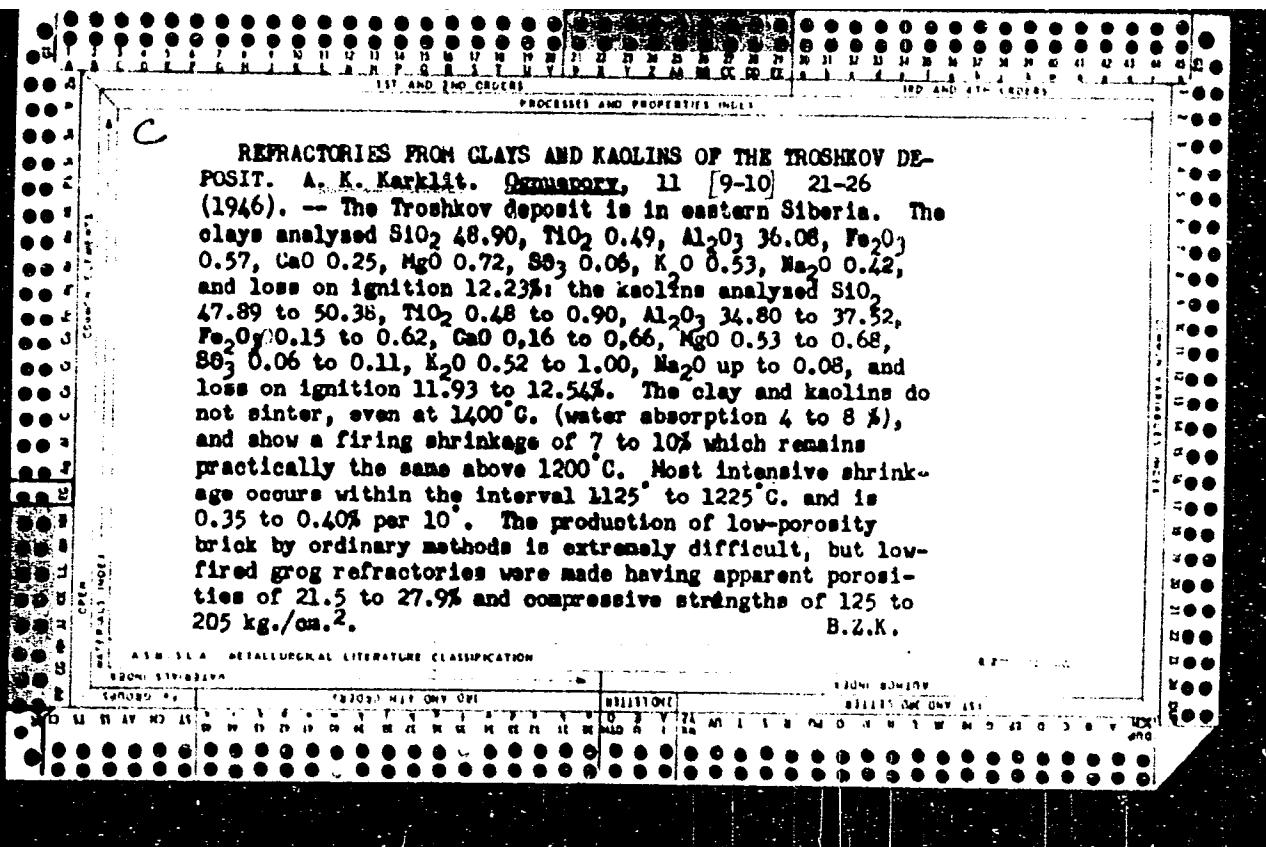




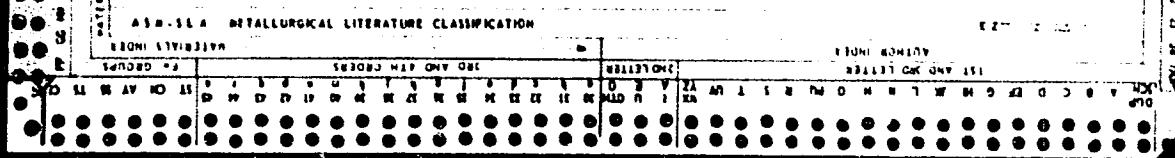








HIGH QUALITY BLAST-FURNACE BRICKS AS PRODUCED IN THE SEMILUK WORKS. S.V. Glebov, A.K. Karklit, I.A. Savkevich, and R.S. Millshenko. (Ogneupory, 1947, vol 12, p 152; British Ceramic Abstracts, May-June, pp. 163a-164a). Laboratory tests showed that fireclay bricks of Latzen clay with an addition of 10% alumina would not only reach the standard required by the Soviet Government Specifications, but would also surpass in quality a typical American blast-furnace brick of similar type. A description is given of the production of these high-quality bricks in the Latzen Works. The kiln-charging stave is shown, and the proportion of firsts, seconds, and rejects is analysed. The quality of the product is compared with that produced in the Chassov-Yar factory and with a typical American product.



KARKLIT, A. K.

PA 12/49T60

USSR/Engineering  
Refractory Materials  
Refractories

Sep 48

"Protective Coatings and Glazes," A. K. Karklit, and  
A. I. Gavrilov, 2 pp

"Ogneupory" Vol XIII, No 9, 413-415

Report of experiments carried out by Inst of Refractory Materials. Results show value of such coatings for protecting refractories. Illustrated by photograph. Discrepancies between results and data given by Poluboryarinov and Trokhimovskaya. ("Ogneupory", 1948, No 7).

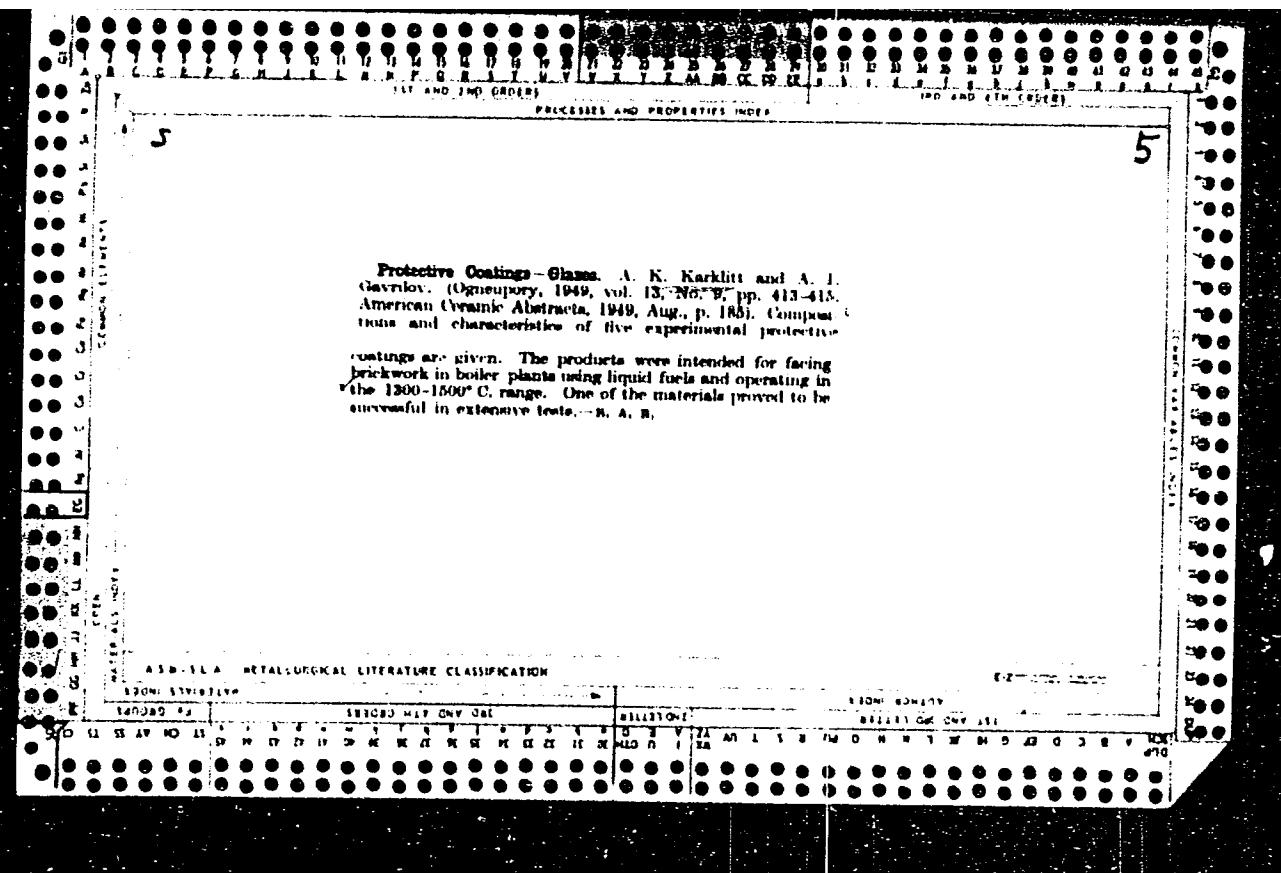
12/49T60

KARMIIT, A. K.

21805 KARMIIT, A. K. i TIMOFEEV, V. N.

Opyty primeneniya vakuma pri polusukhom presovaniye shamotny izdeliy.  
Ogneupory, 1949, No. 6, s. 315-18.

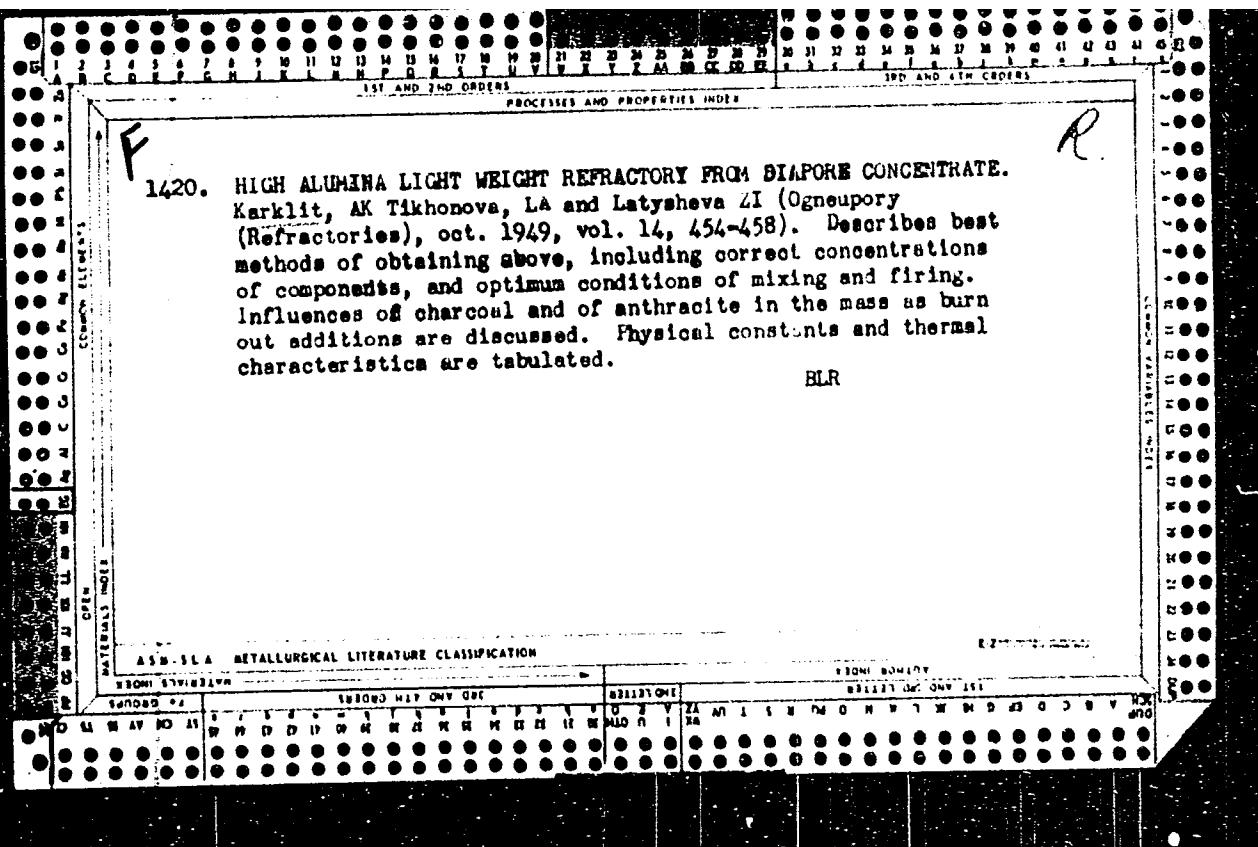
SO: Letopis' Zhurnal'nykh Statey, No. 29, Moslva, 1949



*W. H. G. [unclear]  
January 7, 1977*

**870. Experience with the use of a vacuum in the semi-dry pressing of fire-clay products.**—A. K. KARKLIT and N. N. TIMOREVY (Ceram., 14, 315, 1949)

The results so far obtained are in favour of the vacuum method of pressing materials of normal working properties. Vacuum pressing would improve quality. A negative pressure of 380 mm. is stated to be insufficient and more powerful deairing equipment with a negative pressure of 600-650 mm. is required. (2 ngs.)



*c*

**High-duty refractories from technical alumina.** A. K. KARKHIT AND N. V. GURZHOVA. *Ogneupory*, 15 [11] 504-10 (1980). Shapes weighing up to 4 kg., having 97 to 98%  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ , and being suitable for service at 1700° to 1850°C, were made from technical alumina, analyzing  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  99.00 (of which  $\text{TiO}_2$  was not over 0.05%),  $\text{SiO}_2$  0.13,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  0.18,  $\text{CaO}$  0.13, and  $\text{MgO}$  0.11%, and having a grain size of 0.075 to 0.080 mm. 57.2% and <0.000 mm. 42.8%. (1) Shapes with sintered bodies. Alumina was calcined at 1850° to 1650° for 4 hr., wet-ground with 0.1 N HCl for 48 hr., washed free of acid, plasticized with 5% molten paraffin, shaped under 1000 kg./cm.<sup>2</sup>, and fired at 1710° to 1730° for 5 to 6 hr. The total shrinkage was 17.0%, water absorption 0.00%, bulk density 3.64, apparent porosity 0.00%, specific gravity 3.86, and highest test temperature 1770° and corresponding compression 0.0%. The specific gravity did not change during reheat. The average crushing strength was 0.725 kg./cm.<sup>2</sup>, and the highest

was 10,500 kg./cm.<sup>2</sup>. Cracks appeared after 2 to 3 heat-shock cycles (heating to 850° and cooling in water), and complete destruction occurred after 6 to 8 cycles. Scrap of these shapes and also electrofused corundum were added to raise the thermal stability and reduce firing shrinkage. An addition of 10 to 15% of ordinary adulterated corundum of 0.5 to 1.0 mm. resulted in apparent porosity of 13 to 25%, crushing strength of 2000 to 4500 kg./cm.<sup>2</sup>, initial deformation at 1020° to 1600°, and thermal stability of 13 to 18 cycles. The addition of 30% of fine electro-corundum (grain number 325), followed by firing at 1700°, resulted in  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  +  $\text{TiO}_2$  97.00%, total shrinkage 13%, water absorption 0.1%, bulk density 3.37, crushing strength 4040 kg./cm.<sup>2</sup>, initial softening at 1700° under load of 2 kg./cm.<sup>2</sup>, highest test temperature 1750° and corresponding compression 1.6%, and destruction after 9 cycles. (2) Shapes with porous bodies. Alumina was ground to pass through sieve of 10,000 openings per cm.<sup>2</sup>, made into briquettes, fired at 1250° to 1700°, ground to < 2 mm., mixed with 7, 15, and 30% wet-ground alumina, and fired at 1700° to 1750°. Shrinkage ranged from 10.8 to 11.6%, bulk density 2.99 to 3.26, apparent porosity 15.7 to 23.8%, crushing strength 3170 kg./cm.<sup>2</sup>, initial deformation at 1650° to 1730° under load of 2 kg./cm.<sup>2</sup>, highest test temperature 1770° to 1790° and compression 1.4 to 4.0%, and destruction after 10 to 25 cycles.

B Z K.

## ATLASA METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

STANDARD	1930-51 MISC. ONV. DEC.	ADDITIONAL	1930-51 MISC. ONV. DEC.
U.S. W. I. W. D. S. C. E. F. G. H. J. K. L. M. N. O. P. Q. R. T. V. X. Y. Z.	U.S. W. I. W. D. S. C. E. F. G. H. J. K. L. M. N. O. P. Q. R. T. V. X. Y. Z.	U.S. W. I. W. D. S. C. E. F. G. H. J. K. L. M. N. O. P. Q. R. T. V. X. Y. Z.	U.S. W. I. W. D. S. C. E. F. G. H. J. K. L. M. N. O. P. Q. R. T. V. X. Y. Z.

KARKLIT, A.K., inzh.; NECHEPORSENKO, M.A., inzh.

Selecting refractories for building shale gas retorts. Ogneupory  
19 no.2:79-83 '54. (MIRA 11:8)  
(Refractory materials) (Gas retorts) (Oil shales)

GLEBOV, S.V.; KARKLIT, A.K.; GUZDEVA, N.V.

Special density magnesite refractories and their properties.  
Ogneupory 19 no.5:235-237 '54. (MIRA 11:8)  
(Magnesite) (Refractory materials--Testing)

137-58-4-6472

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 4, p 19 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Karklit, A. K.

TITLE: Major Engineering Trends Toward the Improvement of Refractories for the Metallurgical Industry (Osnovnyye tekhnicheskiye napravleniya sovershenstvovaniya ogneuporov dlya metallurgicheskogo proizvodstva)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Metallurgiya, Moscow-Leningrad, AN SSSR, 1957,  
pp 104-114

ABSTRACT: The progress of the refractories industry since 1930, connected with the development of metallurgy in general and with the activity of the Leningrad Refractories Institute in particular, is surveyed. The major achievements in the development of the production of new types of refractories: 1) for steel-smelting furnaces (basic refractories for roofs, forsterite refractories for checker-work, raw magnesite-chromite products); 2) for steel pouring (semi-dry process manufacture of pouring-pit bulk-use fireclay; superduty ladle bulk-use refractory); 3) for blast furnaces (heavy-duty dense blast-furnace brick); 4) for soaking pits (lightweight refractories); 5) spec-

Card 1/2

137-58-4-6472

Major Engineering Trends (cont.)

ial refractories. Data are presented on the properties and service life of modern high-quality Soviet refractories.

1. Metallurgy--USSR    2. Refractory materials--Applications

S.G.

Card 2/2

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, 1959, Nr 1, p 7 (USSR) SOV/137-59-1-52

AUTHOR: Karklit, A. K.

TITLE: Action of Liquid-fuel Ash on Fire-clay Refractories (Deystviye zoly zhidkogo topliva na shamotnyy ogneupor)

PERIODICAL: Byul. nauchno-tekh. inform. Vses. in-t nauchno-issled. i proyektn. rabot ogneuporn. prom-sti, 1958, Nr 5, pp 61-80

ABSTRACT: Data of chemical, petrographic, and X-ray diffraction investigations of the effect of fuel-oil ash on the fireclay lining of the fire chambers of ship boilers. Fireclay brick containing 40.08%  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  was fire resistant to  $1740^\circ\text{C}$ ; the fuel-oil ash composition was (in %):  $\text{SiO}_2$  32.8,  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  10,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  13.6,  $\text{CaO}$  21.2,  $\text{MgO}$  3.7,  $\text{R}_2\text{O}$  12.6,  $\text{SO}_3$  3.7,  $\text{V}_2\text{O}_5$  0.93, and others 1.6. The low-melting ( $1170 - 1250^\circ$ ) slag which is formed in the fire chamber at working temperatures of the lining ranging from  $1300 - 1450^\circ$  flows down the walls of the fire chamber and attacks the fireclay brick; spinel, anorthite, helenite, and glass are formed in the process. Microphotographs and X-ray diffraction patterns of the brick, slag, and transition zones of the lining are adduced.

S. G.

Card 1/1

15(0)

AUTHORS: Karklit, A. K., Potemkin, P. S. SOV/131-59-1-9/12

TITLE: Conference of Young Specialists (Konferentsiya molodykh spetsialistov)

PERIODICAL: Ogneupory, 1959, Nr 1, pp 47-47 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: This conference of young specialists of the Vsesoyuznyy institut ogneuporov (All Union Institute of Refractories) was held in Leningrad on November 13-14, 1958, with the participation of representatives of the youth workers and the Ukrainskiy institut ogneuporov (Ukrainian Institute of Refractories). The conference should represent a show of young engineers and technicians. N. P. Gordeyev, head of the Institute, outlined in his opening speech the work of young specialists of various special branches, designating it as successful. Further, the following reports are mentioned: V. G. Yeger spoke about manufacturing methods of superstable pantiles made of borio siliceous rocks (borovicheskaya "kremnevka"). N. V. Meshalkina reported on test results of the properties of magnesium solutions on liquid glass. I. V. Vishnevskiy (UNIIO) reported on the dynamic method of

Card 1/3

products.

N. V. Semkina reported on elaboration results of spectrescopic methods for the alumina content in types of clay.

V. G. Sloushch stated the causes of bar fracture of the press CM-143 by means of tensometration.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/13/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000720720014-8"

I. A. Koba used a tensometric transmitter for the automatic control of mold charging on the press SM-143.

V. M. Lebedev reported on the working out of the design for a new furnace cart.

V. Z. Shron reported on sample taking devices of a new system. A. M. Levin reported on the design of water supply and canalization.

M. Z. Perel'son dealt with questions of air dust collection.

M. M. Perel'muter, Ye. A. Grechneva and others submitted a new variant for the foundation of a tunnel kiln.

Card 2/3

A. Z. Verdel' reported on the beginning of operation and installation of a rotary furnace at the Borovichskiy kombinat

Conference of Young Specialists

SOV/131-59-1-9/12

(Borovichi Kombinat ).

As a principal default it was stated that part of the young specialists are still insufficiently familiar with the production. The measures provided for by the Party and Government to reform the universities and to strengthen their relations to works in operation shall improve the training of specialists.

ASSOCIATION:

Vsesoyuznyy institut ogneuporov (All-Union Institute of Refractories)

Card 3/3

15(2)

AUTHOR:

Karklit, A. K.

SOV/131-53-2-15/16

TITLE:

External Meeting of the Scientific-Technical Council of the All-Union Institute of Refractories at the Borovich Kombinat of Refractories (Vyyezdnaya sessiya Nauchno-tehnicheskogo soveta Vsesoyuznogo instituta ogneuporov na Borovichskom kombinate ogneuporov)

PERIODICAL: Ogneupory, 1959, Nr 2, pp 93-93 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

In November 1958 a joint meeting of the NTS Vsesoyuznogo instituta ogneuporov (NTS, All-Union Institute of Refractories), of the Tekhnicheskiy sovet kombinata (Technical Council of the Kombinat and the Institute) took place. It was devoted to the discussion of the prospects of the development of the Kombinat for the years 1959-1965. Ya. M. Tetsarov reported on the prospects of development of the production and auxiliary departments. V. I. Kaspar'yan-on the prospects in mining industry, and K. A. Shalkov on new technological methods of producing dense refractories containing a high amount of fireclay. Engineers and technical collaborators and leading workers of the Kombinat as well as scientists of the All-Union

Card 1/3

External Meeting of the Scientific-Technical Council of the All-Union  
Institute of Refractories at the Borovichi Kombinat of Refractories

SOV/131-59-2-13/16

Institute of Refractories, representatives of the Leningrad Sovnarkhoz and public organizations took part in the discussion of the reports. Z. L. Dobrin spoke about the necessity of improving the production technology of pantiles. M. N. Bluvshteyn reported on the development of the Central Laboratory of the Kombinat, and Z. M. Rutman on the construction of pyrometric test plants. S. V. Glebov emphasized the necessity of increasing the burning temperature of the products. A. K. Karklit pointed to the necessity of carrying out a number of scientific research in the field of technology and automation of production. A. I. Yakovlev underlined the necessity of an improvement of quality of the products. The secretary of the "Borovichskiy gorodskoy komitet KPSS" (Borovichi Municipal Committee of the CPSS) I. V. Smirnov pointed to the importance of comprehensive solutions in the planning of the further development of the Kombinat by taking into account the interests of the economic district as a whole. The director of the Institute N. P. Gordeyev and the director of the Kombinat M. U. Konarev summarized the results of the reports. The meeting passed a resolution on the further

Card 2/3

External Meeting of the Scientific-Technical Council of the All-Union  
Institute of Refractories at the Borovichi Kombinat of Refractories

SOV/131-59-2-13/16

development of the production departments of the Kombinat.  
With the start of operation of the Ore Mine "Klyuchenka"  
the Kombinat will receive a yearly amount of about 60,000  
tons of local aluminous raw material. The resolutions were  
submitted to the Leningrad Sovnarkhoz.

ASSOCIATION: Vsesoyuznyy institut ogneuporov  
(All-Union Institute of Refractories)

Card 3/3

KARKLIT, A.K., kand.tekhn.nauk; FEDOROVа, Ye.A., inzh.

Study of some highly refractory concretes. Trudy Inst. ogneup.  
no.29:52-89 '60. (MIRA 14:12)  
(Refractory concrete)

MARANTS, A.G.; ZEGZHD, V.P.; TIKHONOWA, L.A.; SOKOLOV, V.I.; RYENIKOV, V.A.  
[deceased]; DEREVYANCHENKO, L.D.; KARKLIT, A.K.; AKSEL'RAD, E.A.;  
SARMIN, A.P.; FEL'DGANDLER, G.G., red.; MAKSIMOV, Ye.I., red. izd.-va  
KARASEV, A.E., tekhn. red.

[Handbook of refractory materials, products, and raw materials;  
compiled according to state standards and technical specifications]  
Spravochnik na ogneupornye izdeliia, materialy i syr'e. Sostavlen po  
gosudarstvennym standartam i tekhnicheskim usloviiam. Izd.2., ispr.  
i dop. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry po chernoi i tsvet-  
noi metallurgii, 1961. 338 p. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Sotrudniki Vsesoyuznogo instituta ogneuporov (for all except  
Fel'dgandler, Maksimov, Karasev).

(Refractory materials—Standards)

KARKLIT, A.K.

4

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/5865

Zegzhda, V. P., L. A. Tikhonova, V. I. Sokolov, A. G. Marants,  
V. A. Rybnikov [deceased], L. D. Derevyanchenko, A. K. Karklit,  
E. A. Aksel'rad, and A. P. Sarmin

Spravochnik na ogneupornyye izdeliya, materialy i syr'ye. Sostavlen po gosudar-  
stvennym standartam i tekhnicheskim usloviyam (Handbook of Refractory  
Products, Materials and Raw Materials. Compiled According to State Stand-  
ards and Technical Specifications) 2d ed. rev. and enl. Moscow, Metallurgiz-  
dat, 1961. 338 p. Errata slip inserted. 12,500 copies printed.

Supervisor: A. G. Marants; Ed.: G. G. Fel'dgandier; Ed. of Publishing House:  
Ye. I. Maksimov; Tech. Ed.: A. I. Karasev.

PURPOSE: This manual is intended for technical personnel working in ferrous  
and nonferrous industries and in other branches of industry and construction,  
for planners, designers, and personnel of technical supply administrations.

Card 1/8

Handbook of Refractory Products (Cont.)

SOV/5865

and for specialists in refractory manufacture and application.

COVERAGE: The manual deals with State standards and technical specifications for refractory ware, materials, and stock used in the construction and repair of furnaces used for smelting, heating, calcination, and distillation, and of fire chambers for boilers and dryers. The specifications also cover other thermal units used for processing under high thermal conditions, but do not include all refractory materials since approximately 10% of them have never been standardized. This edition has been enlarged by the inclusion of data on cast refractories and carbonaceous ware, as well as additional data on refractory stock, magnesite ware, forsterite ware, and metallurgical filler powders. The lists included in the manual contain State standards and specifications approved as late as Mar 1960. No personalities are mentioned. There are no references.

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Handbook of Refractory Products (Cont.)

SOV/5365

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Handbook of Refractory Products (Cont.) SOV/5865

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1/22/62

GORDIYEV, N.P.; KARKLIT, A.K.; REZHIKOV, A.F.

Scientific achievements serving technological progress.  
Ogneupory 26 no.10:450-453 '61. (CIIA 14:11)

1. Vsesovuznyi institut ogneuporov.  
(Refractories industry--Technological innovations)

S/131/62/000/010/003/003  
B101/B186

AUTHORS: Karklit, A. K., Dobrin, Z. Ye. (Deceased)

TITLE: Conference on light-weight refractory materials

PERIODICAL: Ogneupory, no. 10, 1962, 481

TEXT: A conference on problems relating to the production of light-weight refractory materials with combustible admixtures was convened by the ogneupornaya sektsiya Leningradskogo oblastnogo pravleniya NTO ChM (Section for Refractory Materials of the Leningrad oblast' Board of NTO ChM) and was held at the Borovichskiy kombinat ogneuporov (Borovichi Combine of Refractory Materials) in June 1962. It was attended by representatives of the Borovichi Combine, of the Vsesoyuznyy institut ogneuporov (All-Union Institute of Refractory Materials), of the Vostochnyy institut ogneuporov (Eastern Institute of Refractory Materials), of the Upravleniye ogneuporov Gosudarstvennogo komiteta Soveta Ministrov SSSR po chernoy i tsvetnoy metallurgii (Administration of Refractory Materials of the State Committee of Ferrous and Nonferrous Metallurgy of the Council of Ministers USSR), of the Snigirevskiy zavod (Snigirevka Plant), the

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Conference on light-weight...

S/131/62/000/010/003/003  
B101/B186

Shchekinskiy zavod (Shchokino Plant), and of the enterprises belonging to the "Ogneupornerud" Trust. M. M. Dernovskiy (Borovich Combine) reported on progress in the production of light-weight refractory materials, for which screening of sawdust has been mechanized, pneumatic conveyance and the use of lignin introduced. V. I. Simkin (VIO) spoke about new decisions taken in planning the production of light-weight refractory material. The half-dry process will be introduced for making material of  $1.3 \text{ g/cm}^3$  density. The whole productive process is to be extensively mechanized. A tunnel furnace which guarantees complete combustion of the admixtures was designed. I. V. Grigor'yev reported on experience gained by the Snigirevka Plant. Production of refractory material with  $0.5 \text{ g/cm}^3$  volume weight was started. It is aimed to use finer sawdust and lignin, and other combustible admixtures are looked for. The Conference adopted a resolution concerning the principal directions of research on light-weight refractory materials with combustible admixtures, including further development of the half-dry molding procedure. An increase in production of refractory material having a volume weight below  $1 \text{ g/cm}^3$  was recognized as important. Planning and construction of automatized production lines is to be speeded up.

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KARKLIT, A.K.; DOBRIN, Z.Ye. [deceased]

Conference on lightweight refractories. Ogneupory 27 no.10:  
481 '62. (MIRA 15:9)

1. Vsesoyuznyy institut ogneuporov (for Karklit). 2. Borovichskiy  
kombinat ogneuporov (for Dobrin).  
(Refractory materials--Congresses)

KARKLIT, A.K.

Science and production, Ogneupory 27 no.11:489-493  
'62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy institut ogneuporov.  
(Refractory materials--Research)

KARKLIT, A.K.

In the All-Union Refractories Section of the Central  
Administration of the Scientific Technological Society  
of Ferrous Metallurgy. Ogneupory 27 no.12:570-571  
'62.

(MIRA 15:12)

1. Vsesoyuznyy institut ogneuporov.  
(Refractory materials)

L 24530-66 EMP(e)/EWT(m)/ETC(f)/EWG(m) JD/JW/JG/AT/WH  
ACC NR: AP6011012 SOURCE CODE: UR/0080/66/039/003/0537/0544

AUTHOR: Yudin, B. F.; Karklit, A. K.

ORG: All-Union Institute of Refractories (Vsesoyuznyy institut ogneuporov)

TITLE: Thermodynamics of vaporization of refractory oxides at high temperatures

SOURCE: Zhurnal prikladnoy khimii, v. 39, no. 3, 1966, 537-544

TOPIC TAGS: thermodynamic calculation, vaporization, heat of vaporization, aluminum oxide, zirconium compound, silicon dioxide, magnesium oxide, calcium oxide

ABSTRACT: The thermodynamics of vaporization of SiO<sub>2</sub> (quartz), ZrO<sub>2</sub>, MgO, CaO, and Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> was studied. The heat of vaporization of SiO<sub>2</sub> at the boiling point,  $\Delta H_{\text{vap}}$ , was calculated to be 167.1 kcal/mole SiO<sub>2</sub>. The approximation of partial pressures of the components of vaporization of ZrO<sub>2</sub>, MgO, CaO, and Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> in the form of equations of the type

$$\lg P_i = \frac{A_i}{T} + B_i$$

which gives the coefficient of the Van't Hoff equation, was shown to be sufficiently

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UDC: 541.18

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ACC NR: AP6011012

accurate. The heat of vaporization of  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  at the boiling point was calculated to be  $\overline{\Delta H}_{\text{vap}} = 472.3 \text{ kcal/mole Al}_2\text{O}_3$ . The main vaporization products of  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  are  $\text{Al}$  and  $\text{O}$  (pressure one order of magnitude greater than that of  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}$  and  $\text{AlO}$ ). However, as the temperature rises, the stability of aluminum suboxides increases appreciably, and at the boiling point the pressure of  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}$  and  $\text{AlO}$  vapors becomes comparable to the pressure of  $\text{Al}$  vapor. Orig. art. has: 23 formulas and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 11,07/ SUBM DATE: 06Dec63/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH.REF: 006

Card 2/2 UV

2035. KARKLOV, A.A., SHIVOLENKO, V.A., AND VITROV, YU. A.

Sredstva Mekhanizatsii Sel'skogo Stroitel'stva. Kiyev, Gostekhizdat  
USSR. 1954. 1765. s Ill. 20sm. (B.Pomoshch' Sel'skomm Stroitel'stva I  
MTS). 4.000 RKE. 4tr. 45k. - Bibliogr: s. 172. - Na ukr. yaz. -  
(54-55497) 693.0025+631.2+(016.3)

KARKE, LS.

"The Effect of the Type of Feed and Udder Massage on the Breeding Ability of Large White Breed Sows." Cand Agr Sci, All-Union Sci-Res Inst of Animal Husbandry Department of Swine Breeding, Moscow, 1954. (KL, No 1, Jan 55)

Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (13)  
SU: Sum. No. 598, 29 Jul 55

KARKOCHA, I.

POLAND/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their  
Application, Part 3. - Food Industry.

H

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No 21, 1958, 72273.

Author : Cecylia Hiszpańska, Jan Zaleski, Eugenia Rutczynska-  
Skonieczna, Innocentyna Karkocha, Barbara Chojnicka,  
Maria Bojaniewicz.

Inst : State Institute of Hygiene, Poland.

Title : Nutritive Value of Peas.

Orig

Orig Pub: Roczn. Panstw. zakl. hig., 1958, 9, No 1, 23-28.

Abstract: The following (in %) was found in 49 samples of dry  
peas: moisture 11.6, protein - 23.8, carbohydrates -  
55, fat - 1.2, cellulose - 5.6, ash - 2.8, phosphorus -  
411 mg %, calcium - 116 mg %, iron - 6.3 mg %, caloric  
value - 348 kcal.

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KARKOCHA, I.

COUNTRY : POLAND  
CATEGORY : Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications. Food Industry.  
H  
ABS. JOUR. : RZhKhim., No 17, 1959, No. 62546

AUTHOR : Lisicka, C.; Zleski, J.; Rutczynska-Skonieczna,\*  
INSTITUTE : -  
TITLE : Nutritive Value Value of White Beans  
ORIG. PUB. : Roczn. Panstw. zakl. hig. , 1958, 9, No 5, 469-470

ABSTRACT : In the two samples of beans were found (in%): 10.9-water, 25.5-proteins, 1.7-fats, 58.5-carbohydrates, 4.5-cellulose, 3.5-ash, 425 mg% P, 202 mg % Ca, 3.4 mg % Fe. 348 K cal/100 gr. calorific value.

\*E.; Karkocha, I.; Chojnicka, B.; Bojankiewicz, M.

Card: 1/1

KARKOCZA, Inocentyna; MLODECKI, Henryk

Studies on the nutritive value of certain mushrooms growing in Poland. Pt. 2. Roczn. panstw. zakl. hig. 15 no. i; 27-32 '64.

1. Laboratory for Testing Food and Articles of Common Consumption, State Institute of Hygiene, Warsaw. Head: prof. dr M. Nikonorow.

KARIGÓS, I.

Thoughts on the situation and tasks of the wood industry.

p. 49 (FAIRIR) Budapest, Hungary Vol 7, no 1, Apr 1957

SG: Monthly Index of East European Acessions (AEEI) Vol 6, no 11 November 1957

V. KARKOSKA

"Our new broadcast series, Peasants' university." p. 11. "Agreement on mutual cooperation between Albanian and Czechoslovak radio stations." p. 12. (LUDOVÝ ROZHLAS, Vol. 9, no. 3, Jan. 1953, Bratislava, Czechoslovakia.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, L.C., Vol. 2 No. 7, July 1953, Uncl.

KARKOSKA, V.

Necessary planning before spring work. p. 6.  
(LUDOVY ROZHLAS., Vol. 9, no. 9, Feb. 1953, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 2 #8, Library of Congress,  
August 1953, Uncl.

KLIMO, Zoltan; KARKOSKA, Valdimir; LUKASSIKWICZ, Milos

Treatment of depressive states. Cesk. Psychiat. 55 no. 1:11-13 Feb 59.

1. Psychiatricka klinika UK a Farmakologicky ustav UK, Kosice.  
(DEPRESSION, ther.)

amphetamine prior to electroshock ther. (Cz))  
(AMPHETAMINE, ther. use)

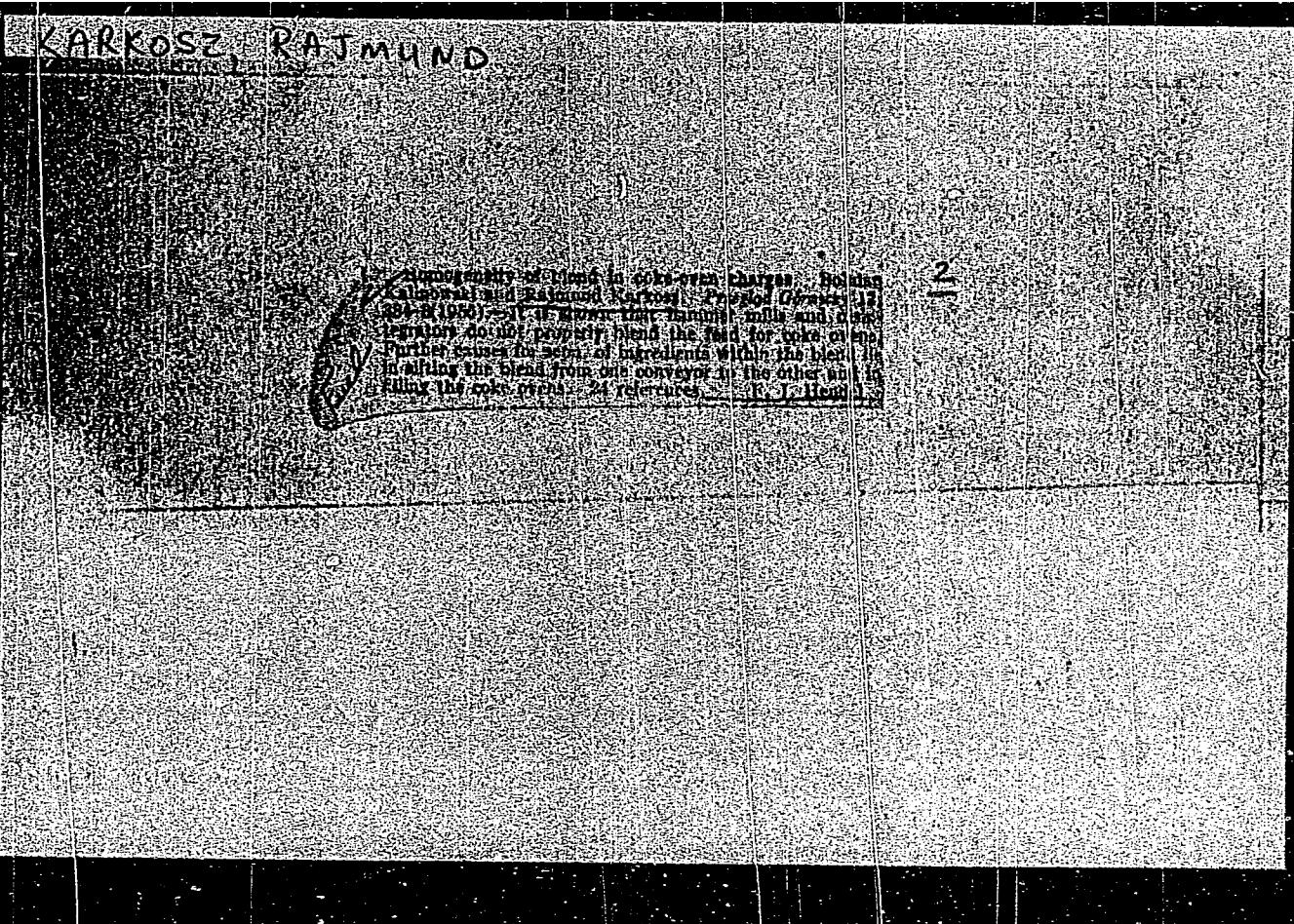
depression, admin. prior to electroshock ther. (Cz))  
(SHOCK THERAPY, ELECTRIC, in various dis.  
depression, with previous amphetamine admin. (Cz))

KIRKOSZ, R.

Contribution to the investigation of homogeneity of coke-even charges.

p. 384 (Przeglad Gorniczy. Vol. 12, no. 10, Oct. 1958. Katowice, Poland)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) I.C. Vol. 7, no. 2,  
February 1958



KARKOCHA, Inocentyna

Studies on the nutritive value of the edible fungus Tricholoma  
equestre Fr. Quel and the fungus Armillariella mellea Fr. Kumm.  
Roczn panst zakl hig 15 no.3:311-314 '64.

MIELECKI,,Tadeusz, doc. dr inz.; CHRUSCIEL, Zdzislaw, mgr inz.; KARKOSZ,  
Rajmund, mgr inz.; SZULAKOWSKI, Waclaw, mgr inz.

Possibilities of improving the quality of some fines of coal for  
power production. Przegl gorn 19 no.1:38-40 Ja '63.

S/081/63/000/001/056/061  
B144/B186

AUTHORS: Szczurek, Maria, Beres, Janusz, Karkoszka, Janina,  
Kurzydlo, Zofia

TITLE: Method of purifying low-pressure polyethylene

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 1, 1963, 534, abstract  
1T104 (Polish patent 44686, January 23, 1962)

TEXT: A method is suggested on the basis of treating the polymer with aqueous or alcoholic KOH or NaOH solution; thereby, the Al and Ti compounds used as catalysts pass into the bottom layer and the polymer passes into the top layer. The layers are separated by decantation. The polyethylene (PE) can be washed additionally with water containing an emulsifier, or with weak acid solutions. Example. 1500 ml benzene solution of PE obtained by polymerization of ethylene in the presence of organometal compounds is treated in ethylene medium with 300 ml 10% methanolic NaOH solution. The mixture is stirred for 30 min at 60°C without access of air. After it has cooled the mixture demixes, the Al and Ti compounds pass into the methanolic bottom layer (dark-blue color). The PE appears in the color-

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